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Research Context and Design



Problem Description and Motivation for TDSS

complex automotive software systems A. high contextual complexity B. high dynamics in projects

- \rightarrow costly development iterations
- high verification/validation effort

How to support a natural and intuitiveformalization of requirements with the goal to:A. automatically analyze these requirements?B. systematically work out test cases based on these requirements?





→ reduce development costs by:
A. early detection of requirement inconsistencies and ambiguities
B. reusing test cases in later process steps

Example: Onboard Charger for electric vehicles





Req1: No temperature related derating of the available output power shall be commanded, if the coolant inlet temperature sensor reads values between -40°C and 65°C.

Req2: If the coolant inlet temperature sensor reads values between 65°C and 75°C, linear derating with 1/10 of maximal output power per 1°C shall be commanded.

Req3: Power-down above 75°C coolant inlet temperature.

Req4: Power-down if coolant inlet temperature increases more than 5°C within 5s.

Req5: Power-down if PCB temperature increases more than 20°C within 3s.

Background: Scenario Modeling Language for Kotlin (SMLK)



Req1: No temperature related derating of the available output power shall be commanded, if the coolant inlet temperature sensor reads values between -40°C and 65°C.

scenario(deratingComponent.startCycle) {
if (deratingComponent.coolantTemp in -40..65)
 request(deratingComponent.setDeratingFactor(1.0)) }

Behavioral Programming: <u>http://www.wisdom.weizmann.ac.il/~bprogram/</u> Live Sequence Charts: <u>http://wiki.weizmann.ac.il/playgo/index.php/Live_sequence_charts</u> Scenario Modeling Language: <u>http://scenariotools.org/scenario-modeling-language/</u>

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Background: Scenario Modeling Language for Kotlin (SMLK)









cycleScenario(deratingComponent) {
if (deratingComponent.coolantTemp in 65..75)

request(deratingComponent.setDeratingFactor(

(75.0-deratingComponent.coolantTemp)/10))}









TDSS - Summary

Test-Driven Scenario Specification of Automotive Software Components:

- new approach for the test-driven, scenario-based requirements specification
- combines agile practices with formal specification and analysis
- SMLK is suited to formalize functional requirements in an intuitive way
- immediately testing of requirements:
 - feeling of control to the requirements specification and analysis phase
 - high confidence of correctness when the final implementation is tested: tests vs. requirements vs. implementation

Outlook

